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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A method for the preparation of a compound of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof:

$$O = \bigvee_{\substack{N \\ N \\ H}} N \bigcap_{\substack{N \\ N \\ M}} S - R^1$$
(I)

in which

 R^1 represents a C_3 - C_7 carbocyclic, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_2 - C_6 alkenyl or C_2 - C_6 alkynyl group, each of the groups being optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, $-OR^4$, $-NR^5R^6$, $-CONR^5R^6$, $-COOR^7$, $-NR^8COR^9$, $-SR^{10}$, $-SO_2R^{10}$, $-SO_2NR^5R^6$, $-NR^8SO_2R^9$ or an aryl or heteroaryl group, both of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen atoms, cyano, nitro, $-OR^4$, $-NR^5R^6$, $-CONR^5R^6$, $-COOR^7$, $-NR^8COR^9$, $-SR^{10}$, $-SO_2R^{10}$, $-SO_2NR^5R^6$, $-NR^8SO_2R^9$, $-C_1$ - $-C_6$ alkyl or trifluoromethyl groups;

 R^2 and R^3 each independently represent a hydrogen atom, or a C_3 - C_7 carbocyclic, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_2 - C_6 alkenyl or C_2 - C_6 alkynyl group, the latter four groups may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from:

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(a) halogen atoms, $-OR^4$, $-NR^5R^6$, $-CONR^5R^6$, $-COOR^7$, $-NR^8COR^9$, $-SR^{10}$, $-SO_2R^{10}$, $-SO_2NR^5R^6$, $-NR^8SO_2R^9$;

- (b) a 3-8 membered ring optionally containing one or more atoms selected from O, S, NR^8 and itself optionally substituted by C_1 - C_3 -alkyl or halogen; or
- (c) an aryl group or heteroaryl group each of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen atoms, cyano, nitro, $-OR^4$, $-NR^5R^6$, $-CONR^5R^6$, $-NR^8COR^9$, $-SO_2NR^5R^6$, $-NR^8SO_2R^9$, C_1 - C_6 alkyl and trifluoromethyl groups; R^4 represents hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl or a phenyl group the latter two of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, $-OR^{11}$ and $-NR^{12}R^{13}$

 R^5 and R^6 independently represent a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_6 alkyl or phenyl group the latter two of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, -OR¹⁴ and -NR¹⁵R¹⁶, -CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, -NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, -SONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵SO₂R¹⁶

or

 R^5 and R^6 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4- to 7-membered saturated heterocyclic ring system optionally containing a further heteroatom selected from oxygen and nitrogen atoms, which ring system may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from phenyl, $-OR^{14}$, $-COOR^{14}$, $-NR^{15}R^{16}$, $-CONR^{15}R^{16}$, $-NR^{15}COR^{16}$, $-SONR^{15}R^{16}$, $NR^{15}SO_2R^{16}$ or C_1 - C_6 alkyl, itself optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen atoms and $-NR^{15}R^{16}$ and $-OR^{17}$ groups;

 R^{10} represents a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or a phenyl group, the latter two of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, -OR¹⁷ and -NR¹⁵R¹⁶; and

each of R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{14} R^{15} , R^{16} , R^{17} independently represents a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_6 alkyl, or a phenyl group;

which method comprises contacting

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$$O = \bigvee_{N=1}^{L} \bigvee_{N=1}^{N} S - R^{1}$$
IV

wherein L is a leaving group

with a thiazole nitrogen protecting group reagent under appropriate reaction conditions to form a compound of the formula

$$O = \bigvee_{\substack{N \\ PG}} \bigvee_{S=R^1} \bigvee_{III}$$

wherein PG is a protecting group,

reacting the compound of formula III with an amine of formula HNR^2R^3 to form a compound of formula

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$$O = \bigvee_{N=1}^{NR^2R^3} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2R^3} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^$$

and deprotection of the compound of formula II to give a compound of the formula I, and simultaneous or sequential conversion to a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.

- 2. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 1 and wherein R¹ represents an optionally substituted benzyl group.
- 3. (Previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 1 and wherein one of R^2 or R^3 is hydrogen and the other is C_1 - C_8 alkyl substituted by hydroxy and one or more methyl or ethyl groups.
- 4. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 1 for the preparation of compounds of the formula Ia

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wherein each R^X is independently selected from hydrogen, a C_{1-4} alkyl group optionally substituted by hydroxy, amino, -O- C_{1-4} alkyl, -S- C_{1-4} alkyl, -N- C_{1-4} alkyl, -NHSO₂R, or -CONR₂ and provided that both R^X are not hydrogen or amino.

- 5. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 1 wherein each R^X is independently selected from hydrogen and hydroxymethyl, provided that both R^X are not hydrogen.
- 6. (Currently amended) A compound of the formula

$$O = \bigvee_{N=1}^{NR^2R^3} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2R^3} \bigvee_{S=R^2R^3}^{NR^2} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2R^3} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2R^3} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2R^3} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2R^3} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2R^3} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2} \bigvee_{S=R^1}^{NR^2} \bigvee_{S=R$$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof and

 R^1 represents a C_3 - C_7 carbocyclic, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_2 - C_6 alkenyl or C_2 - C_6 alkynyl group, each of the groups being optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, $-OR^4$, $-NR^5R^6$, $-CONR^5R^6$, $-COOR^7$, $-NR^8COR^9$, $-SR^{10}$, $-SO_2R^{10}$, $-SO_2NR^5R^6$, $-NR^8SO_2R^9$ or an aryl or heteroaryl group, both of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen atoms, cyano, nitro, $-OR^4$, $-NR^5R^6$, $-CONR^5R^6$, $-COOR^7$, $-NR^8COR^9$, $-SR^{10}$, $-SO_2R^{10}$, $-SO_2NR^5R^6$, $-NR^8SO_2R^9$, $-C_1$ - $-C_6$ alkyl or trifluoromethyl groups;

 R^2 and R^3 each independently represent a hydrogen atom, or a C_3 - C_7 carbocyclic, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_2 - C_6 alkenyl or C_2 - C_6 alkynyl group, the latter four groups may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from:

(a) halogen atoms, $-OR^4$, $-NR^5R^6$, $-CONR^5R^6$, $-COOR^7$, $-NR^8COR^9$, $-SR^{10}$, $-SO_2R^{10}$, $-SO_2NR^5R^6$, $-NR^8SO_2R^9$;

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(b) a 3-8 membered ring optionally containing one or more atoms selected from O, S, NR^8 and itself optionally substituted by C_1 - C_3 -alkyl or halogen; or

(c) an aryl group or heteroaryl group each of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen atoms, cyano, nitro, $-OR^4$, $-NR^5R^6$, $-CONR^5R^6$, $-NR^8COR^9$, $-SO_2NR^5R^6$, $-NR^8SO_2R^9$, C_1 - C_6 alkyl and trifluoromethyl groups; R^4 represents hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl or a phenyl group the latter two of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, $-OR^{11}$ and $-NR^{12}R^{13}$

 R^5 and R^6 independently represent a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_6 alkyl or phenyl group the latter two of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, -OR¹⁴ and -NR¹⁵R¹⁶, -CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, -NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, -SONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵SO₂R¹⁶

or

 R^5 and R^6 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4- to 7-membered saturated heterocyclic ring system optionally containing a further heteroatom selected from oxygen and nitrogen atoms, which ring system may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from phenyl, $-OR^{14}$, $-COOR^{14}$, $-NR^{15}R^{16}$, $-CONR^{15}R^{16}$, $-NR^{15}COR^{16}$, $-SONR^{15}R^{16}$, $NR^{15}SO_2R^{16}$ or C_1 - C_6 alkyl, itself optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen atoms and $-NR^{15}R^{16}$ and $-OR^{17}$ groups;

 R^{10} represents a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or a phenyl group, the latter two of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, -OR¹⁷ and -NR¹⁵R¹⁶;

each of R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{14} R^{15} , R^{16} , R^{17} independently represents a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_6 alkyl, or a phenyl group; and

PG is a protecting group.

7. (Currently amended) A compound of the formula

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$$O = \bigvee_{\substack{N \\ PG}} \bigvee_{N} \bigvee_{S-R^1} \bigvee_{III}$$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate-thereof and wherein

 R^1 represents a C_3 - C_7 carbocyclic, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_2 - C_6 alkenyl or C_2 - C_6 alkynyl group, each of the groups being optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, $-OR^4$, $-NR^5R^6$, $-CONR^5R^6$, $-COOR^7$, $-NR^8COR^9$, $-SR^{10}$, $-SO_2R^{10}$, $-SO_2NR^5R^6$, $-NR^8SO_2R^9$ or an aryl or heteroaryl group, both of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen atoms, cyano, nitro, $-OR^4$, $-NR^5R^6$, $-COOR^5R^6$, $-COOR^7$, $-NR^8COR^9$, $-SR^{10}$, $-SO_2R^{10}$, $-SO_2NR^5R^6$, $-NR^8SO_2R^9$, $-C_1$ - $-C_6$ alkyl or trifluoromethyl groups;

 R^4 represents hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl or a phenyl group the latter two of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, $-OR^{11}$ and $-NR^{12}R^{13}$

 R^5 and R^6 independently represent a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_6 alkyl or phenyl group the latter two of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, $-OR^{14}$ and $-NR^{15}R^{16}$, $-CONR^{15}R^{16}$, $-NR^{15}COR^{16}$, $-SONR^{15}R^{16}$, $NR^{15}SO_2R^{16}$

or

R⁵ and R⁶ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4- to 7-membered saturated heterocyclic ring system optionally containing a further heteroatom selected from oxygen and nitrogen atoms, which ring system may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from phenyl, -OR¹⁴, -COOR¹⁴, -NR¹⁵R¹⁶,

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-CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, -NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, -SONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵SO₂R¹⁶ or C₁-C₆ alkyl, itself optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen atoms and – NR¹⁵R¹⁶ and -OR¹⁷ groups;

 R^{10} represents a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or a phenyl group, the latter two of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, -OR¹⁷ and -NR¹⁵R¹⁶;

each of R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{14} R^{15} , R^{16} , R^{17} independently represents a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_6 alkyl, or a phenyl group;

L is a leaving group; and

PG is a protecting group.

8. (Currently amended) A compound of the formula

$$O = \bigvee_{N=1}^{L} \bigvee_{N=1}^{N} S - R^{1}$$
IV

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof and wherein

 R^1 represents a C_3 - C_7 carbocyclic, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_2 - C_6 alkenyl or C_2 - C_6 alkynyl group, each of the groups being optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, $-OR^4$, $-NR^5R^6$, $-CONR^5R^6$, $-COOR^7$, $-NR^8COR^9$, $-SR^{10}$, $-SO_2R^{10}$, $-SO_2NR^5R^6$, $-NR^8SO_2R^9$ or an aryl or heteroaryl group, both of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen atoms, cyano, nitro, $-OR^4$, $-NR^5R^6$, $-COOR^5R^6$, $-COOR^7$, $-NR^8COR^9$, $-SR^{10}$, $-SO_2R^{10}$, $-SO_2NR^5R^6$, $-NR^8SO_2R^9$, $-C_1$ - $-C_6$ alkyl or trifluoromethyl groups;

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 R^4 represents hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl or a phenyl group the latter two of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, $-OR^{11}$ and $-NR^{12}R^{13}$

 R^5 and R^6 independently represent a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_6 alkyl or phenyl group the latter two of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, $-OR^{14}$ and $-NR^{15}R^{16}$, $-CONR^{15}R^{16}$, $-NR^{15}COR^{16}$, $-SONR^{15}R^{16}$, $NR^{15}SO_2R^{16}$

or

R⁵ and R⁶ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4- to 7-membered saturated heterocyclic ring system optionally containing a further heteroatom selected from oxygen and nitrogen atoms, which ring system may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from phenyl, -OR¹⁴, -COOR¹⁴, -NR¹⁵R¹⁶, -CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, -NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, -SONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵SO₂R¹⁶ or C₁-C₆ alkyl, itself optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen atoms and – NR¹⁵R¹⁶ and -OR¹⁷ groups:

 R^{10} represents a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or a phenyl group, the latter two of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, $-OR^{17}$ and $-NR^{15}R^{16}$;

each of R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{14} R^{15} , R^{16} , R^{17} independently represents a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_6 alkyl, or a phenyl group; and

L is a leaving group other than chlorine.

9. (Currently amended) A compound of the formula

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O & O \\
S & O \\
N & N \\
N & S - R^1
\end{array}$$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate-thereof and wherein

 R^1 represents a C_3 - C_7 carbocyclic, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_2 - C_6 alkenyl or C_2 - C_6 alkynyl group, each of the groups being optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, $-OR^4$, $-NR^5R^6$, $-CONR^5R^6$, $-COOR^7$, $-NR^8COR^9$, $-SR^{10}$, $-SO_2R^{10}$, $-SO_2NR^5R^6$, $-NR^8SO_2R^9$ or an aryl or heteroaryl group, both of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen atoms, cyano, nitro, $-OR^4$, $-NR^5R^6$, $-COOR^5R^6$, $-COOR^7$, $-NR^8COR^9$, $-SR^{10}$, $-SO_2R^{10}$, $-SO_2NR^5R^6$, $-NR^8SO_2R^9$, $-C_1$ - $-C_6$ alkyl or trifluoromethyl groups;

 R^4 represents hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl or a phenyl group the latter two of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, $-OR^{11}$ and $-NR^{12}R^{13}$

 R^5 and R^6 independently represent a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_6 alkyl or phenyl group the latter two of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, -OR¹⁴ and -NR¹⁵R¹⁶, -CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, -NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, -SONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵SO₂R¹⁶

or

R⁵ and R⁶ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4- to 7-membered saturated heterocyclic ring system optionally containing a further heteroatom selected from oxygen and nitrogen atoms, which ring system may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from phenyl, -OR¹⁴, -COOR¹⁴, -NR¹⁵R¹⁶, -CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, -NR¹⁵COR¹⁶, -SONR¹⁵R¹⁶, NR¹⁵SO₂R¹⁶ or C₁-C₆ alkyl, itself optionally

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substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from halogen atoms and – NR¹⁵R¹⁶ and -OR¹⁷ groups;

 R^{10} represents a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or a phenyl group, the latter two of which may be optionally substituted by one or more substituent groups independently selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, -OR¹⁷ and -NR¹⁵R¹⁶; and each of R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{11} , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{14} R^{15} , R^{16} , R^{17} independently represents a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_6 alkyl, or a phenyl group.

10. (Cancelled)